

## Recruitment & Retention of Diverse Faculty Wendy Fink

May 17, 2022



# Thank you to the planning team

- Alfred Parks, Prairie View A&M University
- Elizabeth Parker, Texas A&M University
- Scott Willard, Mississippi State University



# Databases Used in Creating This Presentation

- Food and Agriculture Education Information System (FAEIS) Faculty Profile Data – 2021 Data and a few older data sets where necessary
- Integrated Post Secondary Education Data System (IPEDS) – Degrees Completed in 2018/19
- Census Bureau 2019 Data



# What States Are Examined?

- Alabama
- Arkansas
- Florida
- Georgia
- Kentucky
- Louisiana
- Mississippi

- North Carolina
- Oklahoma
- South Carolina
- Tennessee
- Texas
- Virginia

# **Degree Programs – Agriculture (CIP 01)**

- Agricultural Business
- Agricultural Mechanization
- Agricultural Production Operations
- Agricultural and Food Products Processing
- Agricultural and Domestic Animal Services
- Agricultural Horticultural Business Services

- International Agriculture
- Agricultural Public Services
- Animal Sciences
- Food Science and Technology
- Plant Sciences
- Soil Sciences



# Degree Programs – Natural Resources (CIP 03)

- Natural Resources Conservation and Research
- Natural Resources Management and Policy
- Fishing and Fisheries Sciences and Management
- Forestry
- Wildlife and Wildlands Science and Management



# Degree Programs – Family and Consumer Sciences (CIP 19)

- Work and Family Studies
- FCS/Human Sciences, General
- FCS/Human Sciences Business Services
- Family and Consumer Economics and Related Studies
- Foods, Nutrition, and Related Services

- Housing and Human Environments
- Human Development, Family Studies, and Related Services
- Apparel and Textiles











## Faculty Data Profile

# **Faculty Data Profile**

- Gender
  - By program area
  - By tenure status
  - By tenure status and age
- Citizenship
  - By race/ethnicity

- Race and Ethnicity
  - By region overall
  - Within institution type
  - By tenure status
    compared with
    comparably-aged
    Southern population



# **Institutions Submitting Data**

#### Data Available

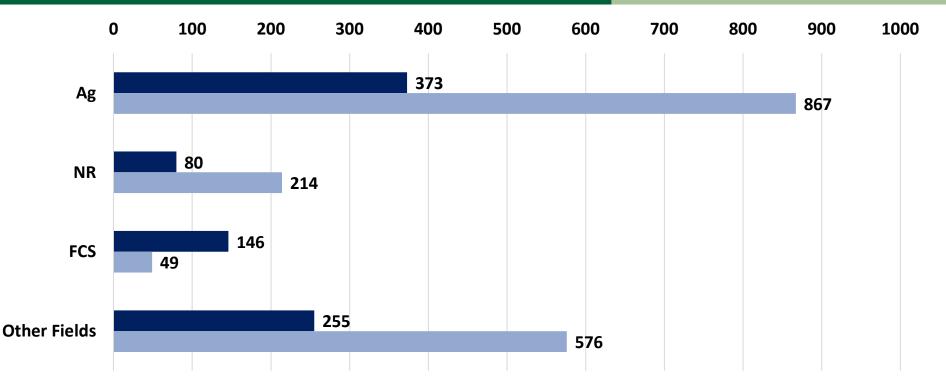
- Alcorn 2021
- Auburn 2021
- Clemson 2021 •
- FAMU 2015
- KSU 2015
- Langston 2020
- MSU 2021
- NCAT 2021
- OSU 2021

- PVAMU 2021
- SCSU 2021
- SUAM 2021
- TSU 2018
- UArk 2021
- UFL 2021
- UKY 2021
- UTK 2021
- VT 2021

#### Data Not Available

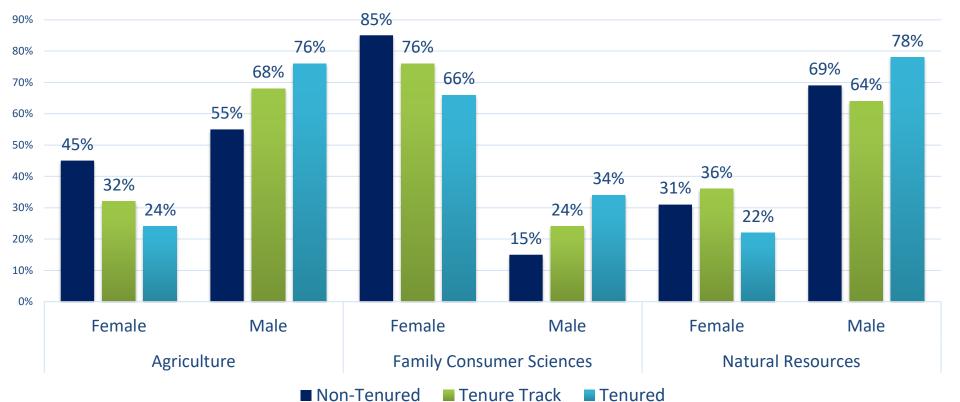
- AAMU
- FVSU
- LSU
- NCSU
- TAMU
- Tuskegee
- UAPB
- UGA
- VSU

# Gender of Faculty by Program Area at 18 Selected Southern LGUs



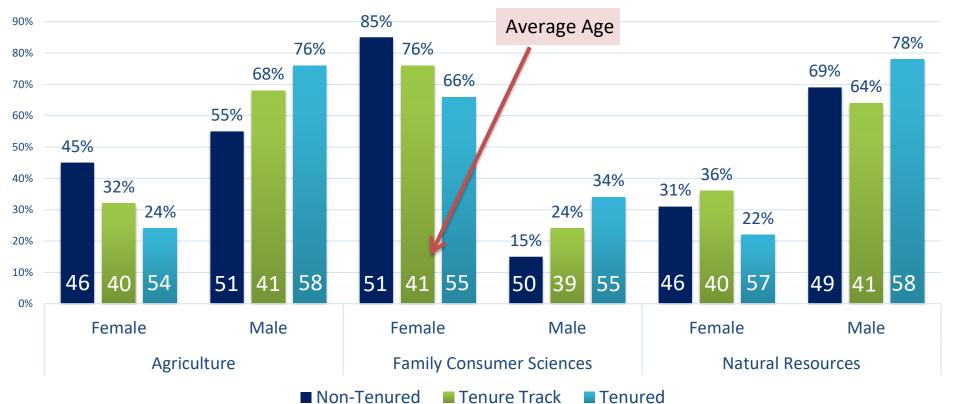
🗖 F 📃 M

### Gender of Faculty in Ag, NR, FCS Fields by Tenure Status at 18 Selected Southern LGUs



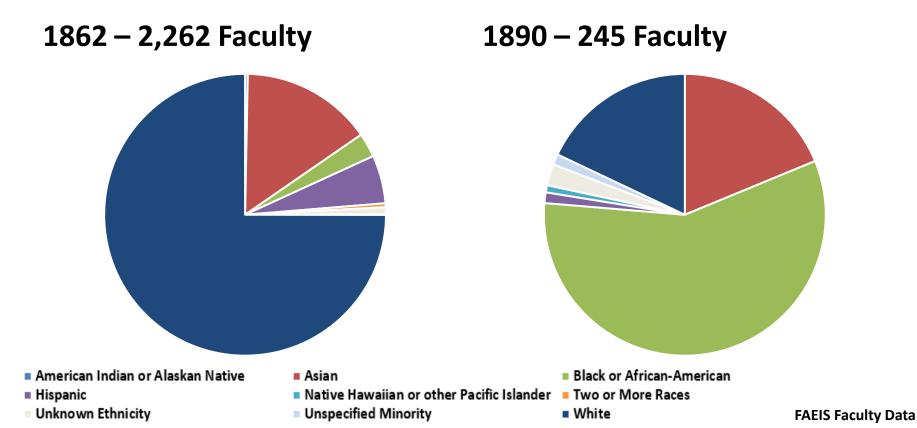
**FAEIS Faculty Data** 

#### Gender & Avg. Age of Faculty in Ag, NR, FCS Fields by Tenure Status



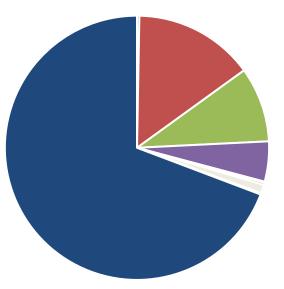
**FAEIS Faculty Data** 

## Faculty in Colleges of Ag, NR, and FCS at 18 Southern LGUs by Race or Ethnicity



## Faculty in Colleges of Ag, NR, or FCS at 18 **Southern LGUs by Race or Ethnicity**

White – 69% Asian – 15% Black – 9% Hispanic – 5% American Indian or Alaska Native – 1% Unknown Ethnicity – 1%



Less than 1% for the following: Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander **Two or More Races Unspecified Minority** 

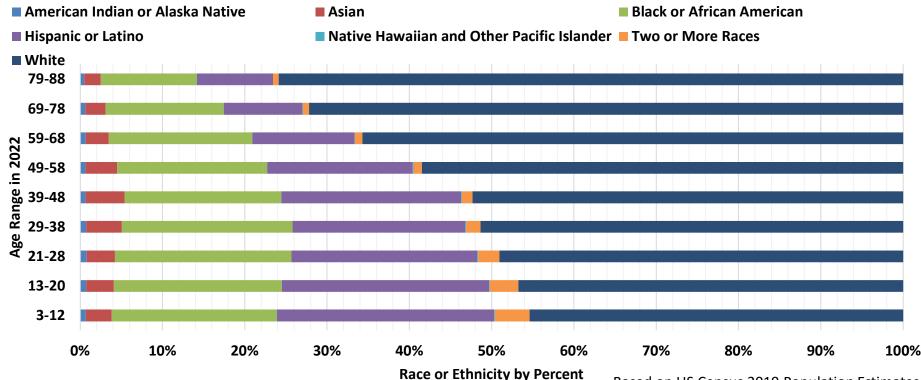
- American Indian or Alaskan Native
- Hispanic
- Unknown Ethnicity

- Asian
- Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander Two or More Races
- Unspecified Minority

- Black or African-American
- - White

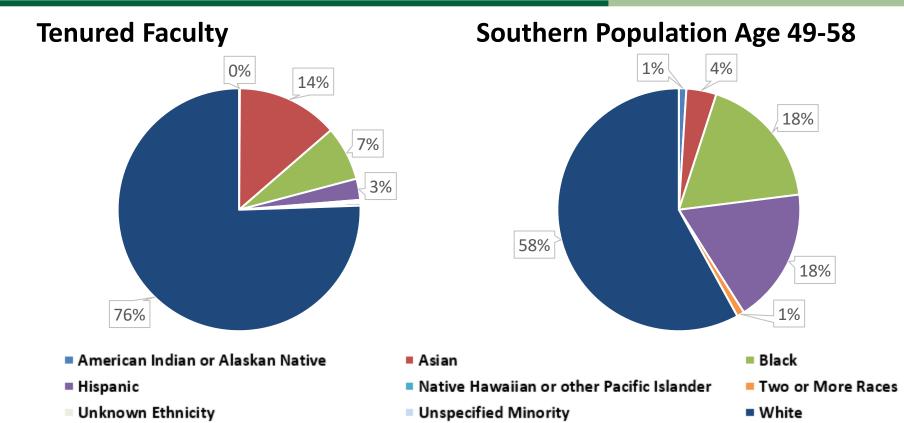
**FAEIS Faculty Data** 

# Race or Ethnicity by Age Range for Southern Region

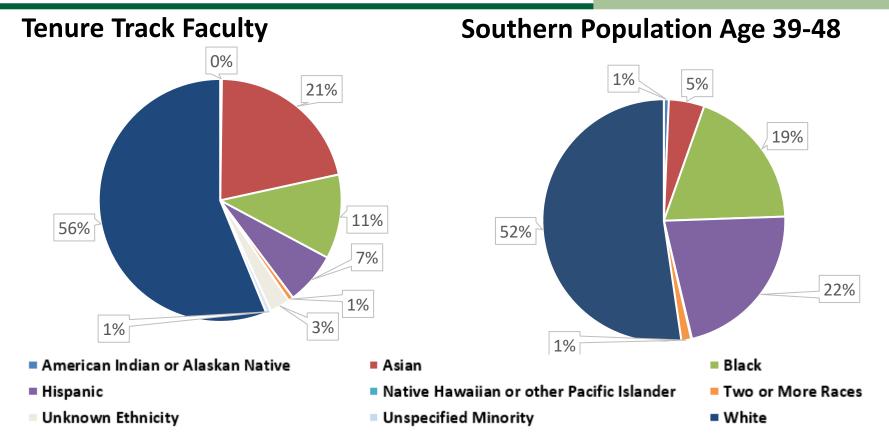


Based on US Census 2019 Population Estimates

#### Tenured Faculty in Ag, NR, and FCS at 18 Southern LGUs by Race or Ethnicity Compared to Southern Population by Age Range 49-58



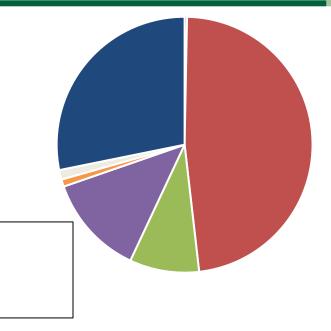
#### Tenure Track Faculty in Ag, NR and FCS at 18 Southern LGUs by Race or Ethnicity Compared to Southern Population by Age Range 39-48



# Race or Ethnicity of Non-U.S. Citizen Faculty at 18 Southern LGUs in Ag, NR, and FCS

Asian – 48% White – 28% Hispanic – 13% Black – 9% Two or More Races – 1% Unknown Ethnicity – 1%

19% of faculty at these 9 1890 LGUs are Non-U.S. Citizens. 19% of faculty at these 9 1862 LGUs are Non-U.S. Citizens.



Less than 1% for the following: American Indian or Alaska Native Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander Unspecified Minority

- American Indian or Alaskan Native
- Hispanic
- Unknown Ethnicity

- Asian
- Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander
- Unspecified Minority

- Black
- Two or More Races
- White

**FAEIS Faculty Data** 

## U.S. or Non-U.S. Citizen Status of Faculty by Race or Ethnicity Categories

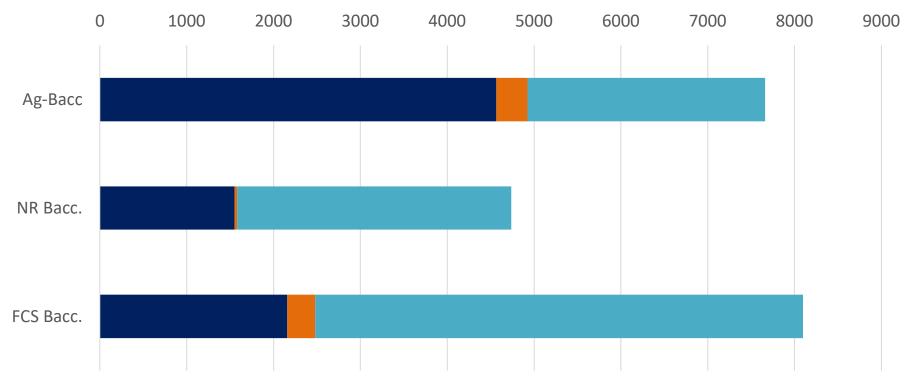


■ Non-U.S. Citizen ■ Citizenship Unknown ■ U.S. Citizen

FAEIS Faculty Data



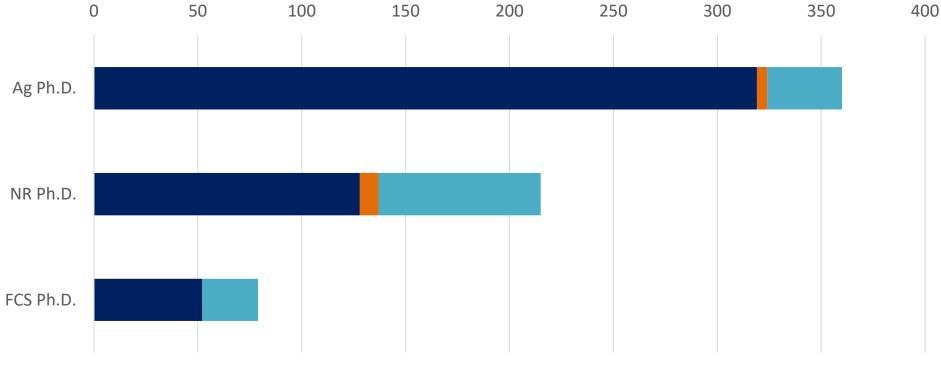
# Number of Bacc. Degrees Completed in the South in 2019 by Type of Institution in Ag, NR, and FCS





IPEDS 2018-2019 SY

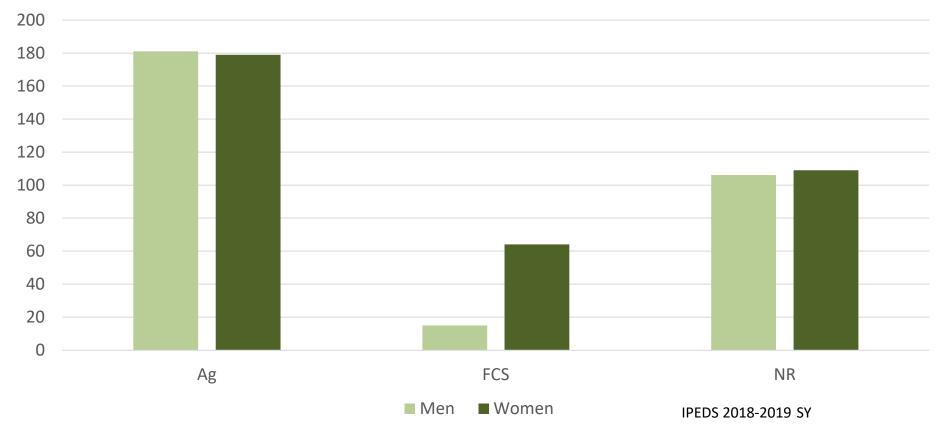
## Number of Ph.D. Degrees Completed in the South in 2019 by Type of Institution in Ag, NR, and FCS



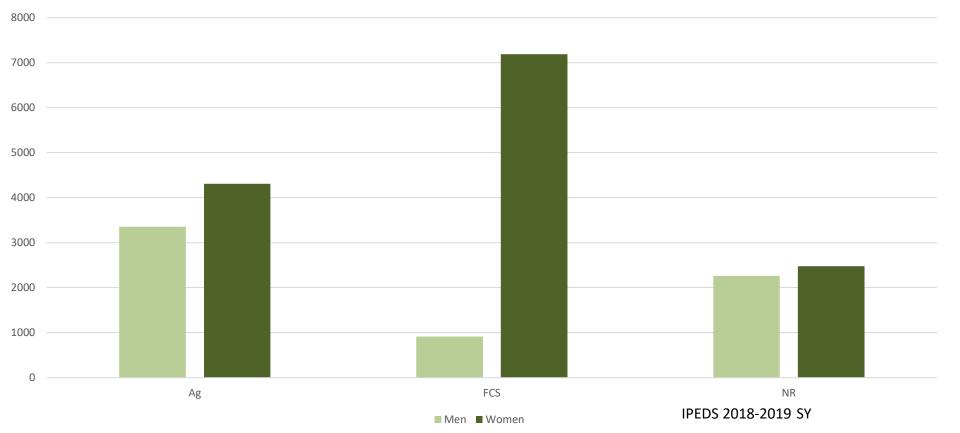
■ 1862 ■ 1890 ■ NLGU

IPEDS 2018-2019 SY

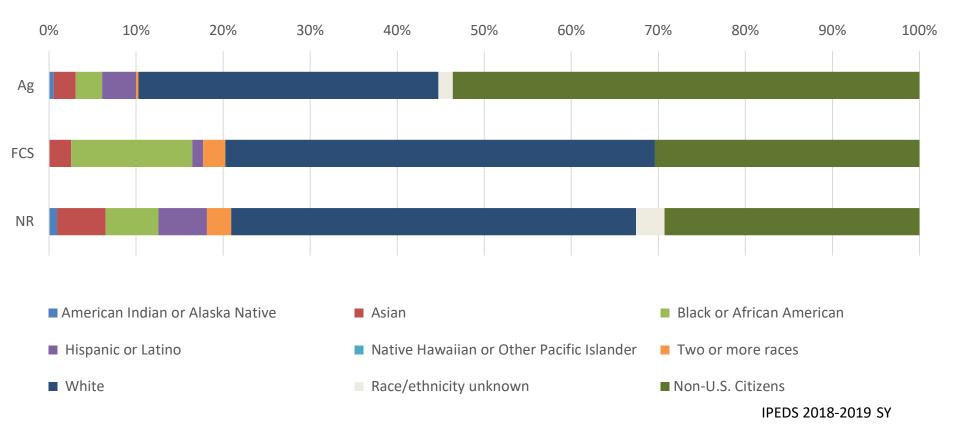
#### Number of Ph.D. Degrees Completed in the South in 2019 by Gender in Ag, NR, and FCS



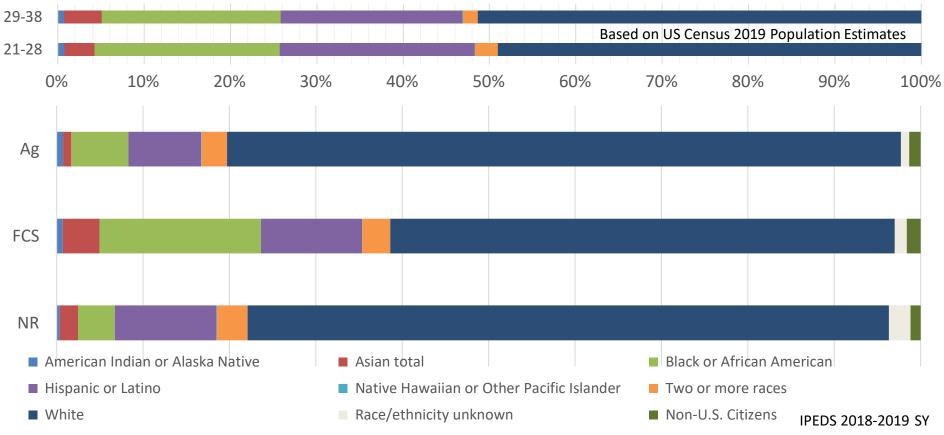
#### Number of Bacc Degrees Completed in the South in 2019 by Gender in Ag, NR, and FCS



## Number of Ph.D. Degrees Completed in the South in 2019 by Race or Ethnicity in Ag, NR, and FCS



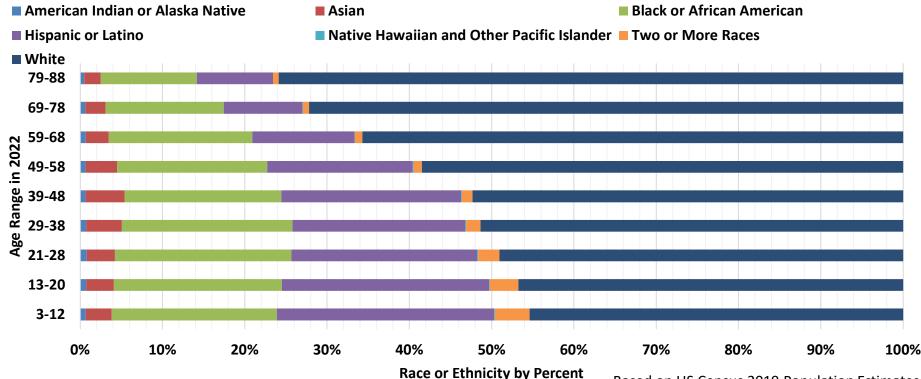
## Number of Bacc. Degrees Completed in the South in 2019 by Race or Ethnicity in Ag, NR, and FCS



Future Student Data Profile

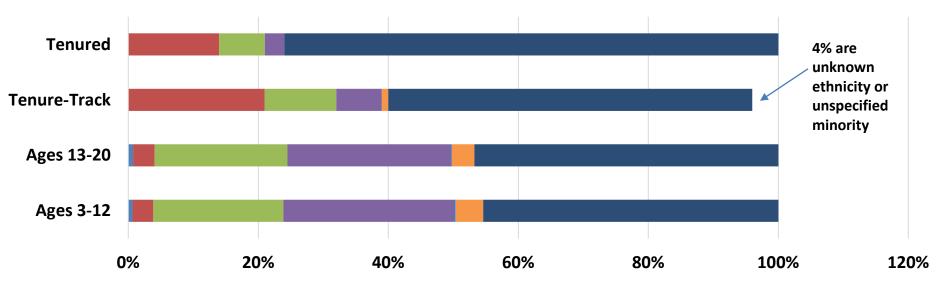
-

# Race or Ethnicity by Age Range for Southern Region



Based on US Census 2019 Population Estimates

#### Race or Ethnicity for Youngest Age Ranges for Southern Region Compared with Tenured and Tenure-Track Faculty in Ag, NR, and FCS



- American Indian or Alaska Native
- Black or African American
- Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander
- White

- Asian
- Hispanic or Latino
- Two or More Races

FAEIS Faculty Data & US Census 2019 Population Estimates

## **Questions for Table Discussions**

- What are you currently doing to attract and retain diverse faculty so that it better reflects the breadth of diversity found in the larger Southern population? What more could you be doing? What would you need to be able to do it?
- How do you create a culture of inclusion so that faculty of all backgrounds feel welcome?
- If your faculty profile varies a good deal from your enrolling student profile, how do you ensure your students feel they belong and can see themselves succeeding in their chosen field?
- As the region's population demographics change, how have you recalibrated your teaching, engagement and research offerings to reach everyone? Are there populations whose needs are not being met?